



Owner: No.: Issued: Revision: Valid to: Kvadrat A/S MD-23113-EN\_rev 07-07-2023 09-04-2025 07-07-2028

# 3<sup>rd</sup> PARTY **VERIFIED**



VERIFIED ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION | ISO 14025 & EN 15804





Owner of declaration Kvadrat A/S		<b>Issued:</b> 07-07-2023	<b>Valid to:</b> 07-07-2028			
Lundbergsvej 10 8400 Ebeltoft, Denmark VAT no. DK-45 99 85 17	kvadrat	Basis of calculation This EPD is develope standard EN 15804+	d in accordance with the Europea			
<b>Programme</b> EPD Danmark <u>www.epddanmark.dk</u>	<b>K</b> epddanmark	if they do not com	n products may not be comparab uply with the requirements in E y not be comparable if the datase			
□ Industry EPD ⊠ Product EPD		used are not develo	15804. EPD data may not be comparable if the dataset used are not developed in accordance with EN 1580 and if the background systems are not based on the same database.			
<b>Declared product(s)</b> 70% Wool 30% viscose - Lillehamr	ner, Norway		verified in accordance with IS or 5 years from the date of issue.			
Number of declared datasets/prod	uct variations: 1		of an EPD is to communicat			
Production sites Lillehammer, Norway.			environmental information for s, for the purpose of assessing the rmance of buildings.			
<b>Product(s) use</b> Kvadrat produces quality contempo and curtains.	orary textiles for use in upholsteri	□Cradle-to-gate wit				
Declared/ functional unit. 1 kg of woven textile						
Very of much sting site data (A)	2)	CEN standard EN	15804 serves as the core PCR			
Year of production site data (A3 2021	»)		ation of the declaration and data, ing to EN ISO 14025			
EPD version		🗆 internal	🛛 external			
3 <sup>rd</sup> version: new products, energy a	and waste corrections.	Thi	rd party verifier:			
		Guandi Du	Aalborg University, BUILD			

lath prenser Martha Katrine Sørensen EPD Danmark

Life	ife cycle stages and modules (MND = module not declared)															
	Produc	t	Constr proc	ruction cess		Use			End of life			Beyond the system boundary				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Re-use, recovery, and recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	X



# Product information

#### **Product description**

The main product components are shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of declared product
Wool	70%
Viscose	30%

#### **Product packaging:**

The composition of the sales- and transport packaging of the product is shown in the table below.

Material	Weight-% of packaging
Carton	13%
PE & PP	49%
Wooden pallets	38%

#### Representativity

This declaration, including data collection and the modeled foreground system including results, represents the production of 1 kg of woven textile on the production site located in Lillehammer, Norway. Product specific data are based on average values collected in the year 2021. Background data are based on the GaBi database version 2022.2 and the EcoInvent 3.8 database. Data are less than 10 years old. Generally, the used background datasets are of high quality, and the majority of the datasets are only a couple of years old.

#### **Hazardous substances**

The products declared within this EPD do not contain substances listed on the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation."

(http://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table)

#### **Essential characteristics**

The products in this EPD are not covered by harmonized technical specifications. Declaration of performance according to EU regulation 305/2011 is available for all declared product variations.

Further technical information can be obtained by contacting the manufacturer or on the manufacturer's website: <u>www.kvadrat.dk/en</u>

#### **Reference Service Life (RSL)**

Kvadrat offers 10 years guarantee for the majority of its textile products. The actual service life of Kvadrat textile depends on a wide range of various impact factors such as the allocation of the application area to the use class, maintenance, intensity of use and functional purpose. Most often Kvadrat textiles are applied for building and transportation related purposes.

Therefore, technical service life cannot be defined for Kvadrat textiles.

Kvadrat product specific textile warranty are disclosed in the Technical Specifications of each product.



## Table of products

Products from Kvadrat covered in this EPD						
Supplier	Country	Product name	Product composition	kg pr m²		
Lillehammer	Norway	Hallingdal	70% wool 30% viscose	0,615		

# Picture of product





# LCA background

### Declared unit.

The LCI and LCIA results in this EPD relates to environmental impacts caused by the production and end-of-life of 1 kg of woven textiles.

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	Kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg.	1	-

### **Functional unit**

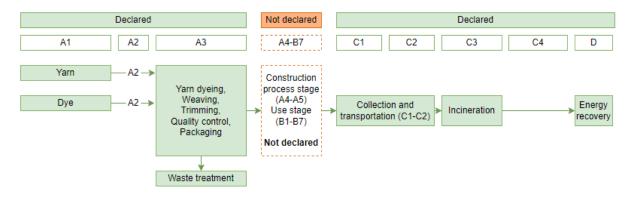
Not defined.

#### PCR

This EPD is developed according to the core rules for the product category of construction products in EN 15804+A2:2019.

### Flowdiagram

The flow diagram below presents the main processes included in the life cycle of the woven textiles.



## **Guarantee of Origin – certificates**

Foreground system:

No "Guarantee of Origin" certificates are used in the manufacturing. Consumption of electricity is modelled with residual electricity grid mix. Consumption of heat is modelled with average data, representative for the geographical area.

Background system:

Other processes upstream and downstream from the production is modelled with processes from the GaBi background database that is based on average data.



### System boundary

This EPD is based on a cradle-to-gate LCA with modules C1-C4 and D, in which 100 weight-% has been accounted for.

The general rules for the exclusion of inputs and outputs follows the requirements in EN 15804, 6.3.5, where the total of neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5 % of energy usage and mass and 1 % of energy usage and mass for unit processes.

### Product stage (A1-A3) includes:

- A1 Extraction and processing of raw materials
- A2 Transport to the production site
- A3 Manufacturing processes

The product stage comprises the acquisition of all raw materials, products and energy, transport to the production site, packaging, and waste processing up to the "end-of-waste" state or final disposal. The LCA results are declared in aggregated form for the product stage, which means, that the sub-modules A1, A2 and A3 are declared as one module A1-A3.

The manufacturing of the woven textiles is handled by suppliers located in Lillehammer, Norway.

The yarns used for the textiles are prepared and assembled prior to the weaving. In this step, the warp yarns are wrapped around a rotating drum, creating a warp with the desired length. In the weaving process, the woven fabrics are formed using a loom, interlacing the lengthwise threads, known as warp yarns, and the crosswise threads, known as weft yarns. Subsequently, the fabric is trimmed, quality controlled, rolled-up, packaged, and transported to Kvadrat headquarters in Ebeltoft, Denmark.

The yarns used in the products are dyed using roughly four different dyeing methods, with some yarns being delivered pre-dyed others being dyed inhouse.

(1) For some of the synthetic textiles, dyestuff is added directly during the manufacturing of the yarn and before the yarn has been extruded (dope dyed). In other cases, (2) the dyestuff is added to the fibres before they are spun into a yarn Dyestuff is either added to the loose fibres (stock dyed) or to combed wool sliver (top dyed). A third option used in both the production of synthetic and natural textiles includes the (3) dyeing of the finished yarns (yarn dyed), which are either sent to an external dyeing house before they arrive at the production sites of the suppliers of this EPD or which are dyed inhouse at the production sites of this EPD. Alternatively, (4) the dyestuff is applied to the finished woven textile (piece dyed).

In the case of the yarn dyeing technology the yarn is wound on perforated cores. From here, the dye flows through the yarn package, penetrating the fibres into the core of the yarn. The yarn dyeing method is both handled internally and externally, depending on the specific supplier. This process requires a significant amount of steam and water.

### End of Life (C1-C4) includes:

C1 – Deconstruction: There are no impacts associated with C1 as the textiles – once they are incorporated into either a curtain or upholstery – are deconstructed manually and without the need for any additional materials and/or machinery. This lifecycle stage is set to 0.

C2 – Transport to waste processing: A general scenario for the transport of waste to waste handling site is used, and this single transport scenario is applied to the end-of-life for all textiles unaffected by their site of origin or material composition.

This transport distance is set to 40 km, based on average distance to waste handling sites.

C3 – Waste processing: The textiles are modelled as one homogenous product that will/cannot be separated at the end-of-life, instead they are all modelled as 1 kg of textile being sent to municipal waste incineration, with each product falling under the same scenario regardless of material composition or site of origin.

End-of-life is modelled using a 100% incineration scenario.



# Re-use, recovery, and recycling potential (D) includes:

Module D includes the potential in energy recovery arising from the incineration of the textiles at the end-of-life. Modelled with average European data for electricity and district heating.



# LCA results

EN	VIRONMENTAL	IMPACTS PER	kg Lilleha	ammer, Norway	y - 70% wool, 3	30% visco	ose
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO₂ eq.	1,48E+01	0,00E+00	4,75E-03	1,74E+00	0,00E+00	-6,85E-01
GWP-fossil	kg $CO_2$ eq.	1,10E+01	0,00E+00	4,71E-03	4,71E-01	0,00E+00	-6,80E-01
GWP-biogenic	kg CO₂ eq.	3,75E+00	0,00E+00	4,92E-07	1,27E+00	0,00E+00	-4,60E-03
GWP-luluc	kg CO₂ eq.	2,15E-02	0,00E+00	4,36E-05	5,19E-06	0,00E+00	-1,43E-04
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	4,33E-11	0,00E+00	6,13E-16	1,98E-13	0,00E+00	-4,67E-12
AP	mol H+ eq.	1,36E-01	0,00E+00	6,45E-06	1,42E-03	0,00E+00	-1,39E-03
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	5,10E-04	0,00E+00	1,72E-08	5,39E-08	0,00E+00	-2,63E-06
EP-marine	kg N eq.	9,89E-03	0,00E+00	2,26E-06	6,47E-04	0,00E+00	-3,68E-04
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	1,94E-01	0,00E+00	2,70E-05	7,33E-03	0,00E+00	-3,82E-03
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	2,60E-02	0,00E+00	5,60E-06	1,66E-03	0,00E+00	-9,77E-04
ADPm <sup>1</sup>	kg Sb eq.	1,95E-06	0,00E+00	3,10E-10	1,82E-09	0,00E+00	-1,06E-07
ADPf <sup>1</sup>	MJ	1,98E+02	0,00E+00	6,41E-02	6,71E-01	0,00E+00	-9,67E+00
WDP <sup>1</sup>	m <sup>3</sup>	1,48E+01	0,00E+00	4,75E-03	1,74E+00	0,00E+00	-6,85E-01
Caption	GWP-total = Global Warming Potential - total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential - fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential - biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential - land use and land use change; ODP = Ozone Depletion; AP = Acidifcation;						
	EP-freshwater = Eutrophication – aquatic freshwater; EP-marine = Eutrophication – aquatic marine; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication – terrestrial; POCP = Photochemical zone formation; ADPm = Abiotic Depletion Potential – minerals and metals; ADPf = Abiotic Depletion Potential – fossil fuels; WDP = Water Depletion Potential						
Disclaimer	<sup>1</sup> The results of th	is environmental indi		used with care as the xperienced with the in	uncertainties on thes ndicator.	e results are h	nigh or as there is

ADDITION	NAL ENVIRONM	ENTAL IMPACT	'S PER kg	Lillehammer,	Norway - 70%	wool, 30	% viscose
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
РМ	[Disease incidence]	1,11E-06	0,00E+00	4,71E-11	4,41E-09	0,00E+00	-1,12E-08
IRP <sup>2</sup>	[kBq U235 eq.]	3,08E+00	0,00E+00	1,80E-05	3,89E-03	0,00E+00	-1,57E-01
ETP-fw <sup>1</sup>	[CTUe]	2,60E+02	0,00E+00	4,56E-02	2,28E-01	0,00E+00	-3,56E+00
HTP-c <sup>1</sup>	[CTUh]	7,74E-09	0,00E+00	9,32E-13	5,06E-11	0,00E+00	-1,19E-10
HTP-nc <sup>1</sup>	[CTUh]	1,74E-06	0,00E+00	4,98E-11	4,88E-09	0,00E+00	-5,69E-09
SQP <sup>1</sup>	-	1,29E+03	0,00E+00	2,68E-02	1,36E-01	0,00E+00	-9,58E+00
Caption					; ETP-fw = Eco toxicit cancer effects; SQP =		er; HTP-c = Human
Disclaimers	<sup>1</sup> The results of th	<sup>1</sup> The results of this environmental indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.					
	cycle. It does not co	nsider effects due to	oossible nucle g radiation fr	ar accidents, occupat	onizing radiation on hi ional exposure nor du on and from some cor or.	e to radioactiv	ve waste disposal in



	RESOURCE	USE PER kg Lil	llehamme	er, Norway - 70	% wool, 30% v	viscose	
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	1,70E+02	0,00E+00	4,67E-03	1,20E-01	0,00E+00	-5,86E+00
PERM	[MJ]	1,08E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	[M]	1,80E+02	0,00E+00	4,67E-03	1,20E-01	0,00E+00	-5,86E+00
PENRE	[MJ]	1,98E+02	0,00E+00	6,44E-02	6,72E-01	0,00E+00	-9,67E+00
PENRM	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	[MJ]	1,98E+02	0,00E+00	6,44E-02	6,72E-01	0,00E+00	-9,67E+00
SM	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	[m³]	4,08E-01	0,00E+00	5,11E-06	4,70E-03	0,00E+00	-4,07E-03
Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water						

WASTE CA	TEGORIES AN	D OUTPUT FLO	WS PER k	g Lillehammer,	, Norway - 70%	wool, 30	)% viscose
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	1,03E-05	0,00E+00	1,99E-13	5,35E-11	0,00E+00	-1,34E-09
NHWD	[kg]	3,41E-01	0,00E+00	9,81E-06	2,27E-02	0,00E+00	-1,86E-02
RWD	[kg]	2,57E-02	0,00E+00	1,20E-07	2,49E-05	0,00E+00	-9,29E-04

CRU	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	[kg]	2,00E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	[MJ]	4,78E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,11E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET	[MJ]	1,21E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,59E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Caption					oosed; RWD = Radioa ials for energy recove		

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER kg of TEXTILE						
Parameter	Unit	70% New wool 30% Viscose				
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0,47				
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	kg C	0,043				



# Additional information

### LCA interpretation

Across all the products and all the sites, the trend is the same: Yarns and fibres used in the production are the most impactful parameter, in part due to the significant contributions of waste arising during production, followed closely by the dyeing/finishing setup in question, and lastly the end-of-life incineration.

#### **Technical information on scenarios**

**Reference service life** 

RSL information	Unit	
Reference service Life	10 years	
Declared product properties		
Design application parameters	Technical specifications and guidance can be obtained from the company's website <u>www.kvadrat.dk/en</u> or from direct contact to Kvadrat at +45 8953 1866 or <u>kvadrat@kvadrat.org</u>	
Assumed quality of work		
Outdoor environment		
Indoor environment		
Usage conditions		
Maintenance		

#### End of life (C1-C4)

Scenario information	Value	Unit
Collected separately	1	kg
Collected with mixed waste	0	kg
For reuse	0	kg
For recycling	0	kg
For energy recovery	1	kg
For final disposal	0	kg
Assumptions for scenario development	Assumed to be 100% incineration.	-

#### Re-use, recovery, and recycling potential (D)

Scenario information/Materiel	Value	Unit
Displaced material	3,11	MJ
Energy recovery from waste incineration	5,59	MJ



### Indoor air

The products covered in the EPD are **GREENGUARD**® certified and comply with respective Indoor climate minimum requirements.

The **GREENGUARD**® certification ensures products do not exceed limits for dangerous substance emissions (VOCs) and thereby contribute to a healthier indoor climate.

The certificates and standards as well as the EU Ecolabel are available at the following link, by choosing a textile and selecting the Downloads section, after which the certificates are presented:

https://www.kvadrat.dk/en/products

#### Soil and water

The EPD does not give information on release of dangerous substances to soil and water because the horizontal standards on the relevant measurements are not available. Read more in EN15804+A1 chapter 7.4.2. However, selected Kvadrat products are EU Ecolabel certified, which guarantees limited use of substances harmful to the environment and health and reduced water and air pollution.



# References

Publisher	www.epddanmark.dk Template version 2022.2	
Programme operator	Danish Technological Institute Sustainable Construction Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup www.teknologisk.dk	
LCA-practitioner	Danish Technological Institute Sustainable Construction Gregersensvej DK-2630 Taastrup <u>www.teknologisk.dk</u>	
LCA software /background data	GaBi version 10.6, Database 2022.2 <u>www.gabi-software.com</u> EcoInvent version 3.8 <u>www.ecoinvent.org</u>	
3 <sup>rd</sup> party verifier	Guangli Du BUILD – The Department of the Built Environment, Aalborg University	

### General programme instructions

General Programme Instructions, version 2.0, spring 2020 www.epddanmark.dk

#### EN 15804

DS/EN 15804 + A2:2019 - "Sustainability of construction works – Environmental. product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products"

### EN 15942

DS/EN 15942:2011 – " Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business."

#### ISO 14025

DS/EN ISO 14025:2010 – " Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures"

#### ISO 14040

DS/EN ISO 14040:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework"

### ISO 14044

DS/EN ISO 14044:2008 – " Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines"